



# SAF - application case study Vistula Lagoon

Małgorzata Bielecka

m.bielecka@ibwpan.gda.pl www.baltcoast.net

A SYSTEM APPROACH FRAMEWORK FOR COASTAL RESEARCH & MANAGEMENT





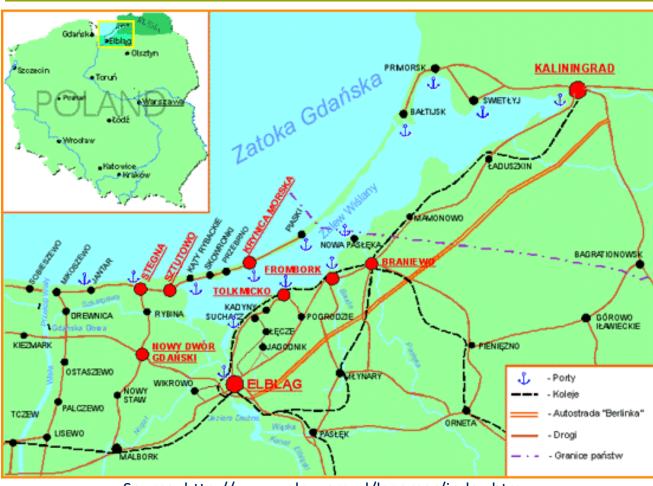
#### Case study site



Source: https://pl.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zalew\_Wi% C5%9Blany



Photo by Konrad Kosacz/elblag.net



Source: http://www.zalew.org.pl/lagomar/index.htm

**Vistula Lagoon** (Polish: *Zalew Wiślany*; Russian: Калининградский залив or *Kaliningradskiy Zaliv*) is a brackish water lagoon on the Baltic Sea roughly 91 km long, 6.8 to 13 km wide and 2.7 m deep, max 5m, separated from Baltic Sea by the Vistula Spit.



#### **Case study site**



Source: petla-zulawska.pl

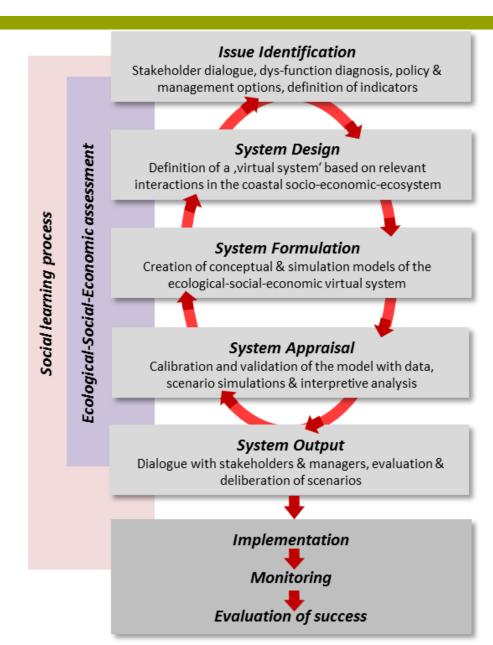
- Administrative division of the Polish part of the Lagoon between Pomeranian and Warmia-Masuria provinces – unfavourable in terms of communication and management
- Polish part NATURA 2000 region





#### Issue identification:

- 1. Key human activities
- 2. Stakeholder mapping
- 3. First stakeholder meeting to agree on Issue
- 4. Institutional mapping
- Description of cause effect chain (DPSIR and CATWOE)
- 6. Identification of social and economic components relevant for the Issue
- 7. List of main Ecosystem
  Goods and Services and
  Economic drivers relevant
  for the Issue





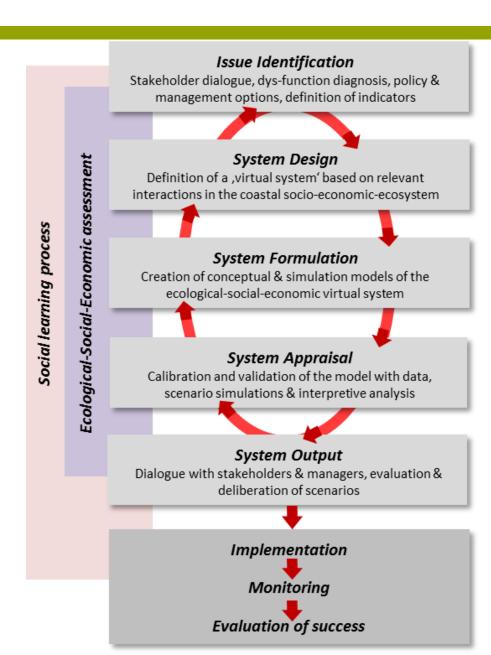


#### **≻**System Design

- 1. System definition
- 2. Conceptual model
- Data and methods
- 4. Problem scaling

#### System Formulation:

- 1. Data preparations (inputs)
- Building and testing sub models
- Documenting the model development





#### **Key human activities**

Human Activities	Associated stakeholder groups
<b>Fisheries</b> concentrated in VL harbors:	Fishermen associations, harbor operator
(Nowa Pasłęka, Piaski, Frombork,	and users, Regional Inspectorate of Sea
Kąty Rybackie, Suchacz, Krynica	Fisheries in Gdynia, with branches in
Morska, Tolkmicko, Kamienica	Frombork and Sztutowo.
Elbląska).	
<b>Tourism</b> – hotels, restaurants, harbors,	Hotel and restaurant operators, harbor
transboundary tourism erratic due to	operators, local authorities interested in
political relations with Russia and	tourism development.
isolation of the Lagoon from the rest	
of EU.	









### **Key human activities**

Human Activities	Associated stakeholder groups
Commercial navigation: harbor in	Elblag harbor operators, Elblag authorities,
Elbląg (potential not fully used due	shipping & logistics companies.
to erratic trade with Kaliningrad	
Region).	
(Intensive) beach use on the Spit.	Tourism sector on the Spit (hotel, restaurant
	and camping operators).
Economic activities: prevalence of	Shop owners.
small shops and businesses with low	
creditworthiness- points to economic	
backwardness of the Lagoon area.	
Agriculture at south side of the Lagoon	Farmers, authorities









#### **Key human activities**

#### **Human Activities**

Environmental protection: all Polish

part is NATURA 2000 region (PLB280010, PLH280007).

#### **Associated stakeholder groups**

Ecologists, ecological organizations, institutions responsible for implementation of NATURA 2000 (Maritime Office in Gdynia, Regional Directorates of Environmental Protection in Gdańsk and Olsztyn).







### Stakeholder mapping

#### Based on existing experience from other projects

> FP 7 cooperating projects:





with common activities focused on stakeholders participation – joint workshops – contributing to socio-economic impact analysis (LAGOONS) and development of Management Plan (ARCH).

➤ LT-PL-RU Cross-border Cooperation Programme 2007-2013 **VILA** project: "The common benefits of the Vistula Lagoon potential development"













**Focus Groups** to identify most accute problems of the area from a perspective of local communities – LAGOONS + ARCH projects.

#### Frombork:

Fishermen, hotel and gastronomy operators, teachers

#### Piaski:

Fishermen and hotel operators

#### Kadyny:

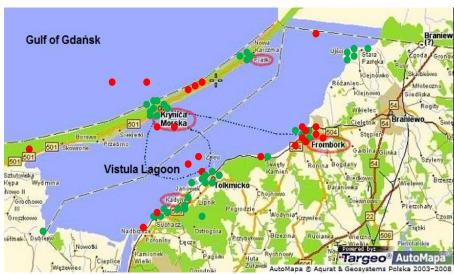
Citizens and local authority

#### Krynica Morska:

Fishermen

**Result:** combined map indicating "best" and "worst" areas.





# Focus Groups movie



#### Citizens Jury as a next step allowing to refine insights and to formulate recommendations and scenario of future lagoon development.

Jurors from: Krynica Morska, Piaski, Braniewo, Frombork, Kadyny

#### **Experts:**

- Quality of the Vistula Lagoon environment,
- Problems of the Vistula Lagoon fisheries,
- Problems of agriculture in the Vistula Lagoon region,
- Regulations and management in the Vistula Lagoon region,
- Transport and infrastructure in the Vistula Lagoon (maritime aspects),
- Environmental protection of the Vistula Lagoon,
- Tourism and recreation in the Vistula Lagoon region.





# Citizens Jury movie



### Stakeholder mapping

Public consultations in the framework of Żuławy Loop
 Project

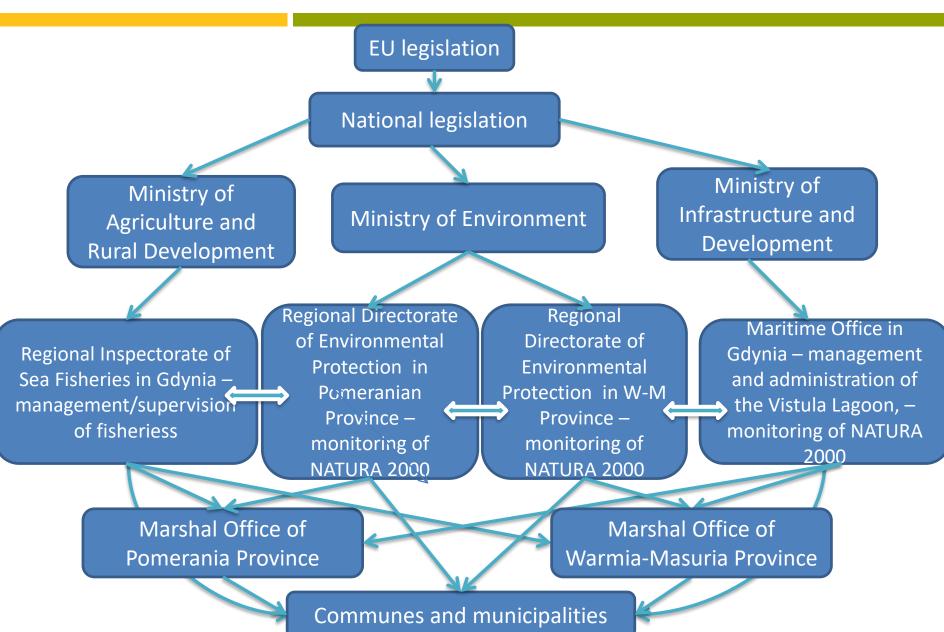
Program devoted to tourism development in the Gulfs of Gdańsk and Puck and the Vistula Lagoon, by modernization and development of marinas and harbors.

Pętla Żuławska (Żuławy Loop) waterway system





#### Institutional mapping





# 1<sup>st</sup> Stakeholder Meeting Tolkmicko 26th Oct. 2015

#### Presentation of BaltCoast project









Presentation 'Natural and economic aspects of the functioning of Szczecin Lagoon in local scale',

K. Rabski (EUCC Poland),

Presentation 'Improvement of navigation in Vistula Lagoon - Żuławy Loop and Gulf of Gdańsk Programme',

M. Górski, Żuławy Loop Manager, R. Wasil, Dept. of Infrastructure of Pomorskie Province Marshall Office,





Moderated discussion on dredging of waterways in Vistula Lagoon and sustainable development of the Lagoon area, incl. questionnaire







#### **Participants:**

- Office of Mayor of Tolkmicko (2 persons),
- Office of Mayor of Frombork (2 persons),
- Local Council at Krynica Morska (1 person),
- Maritime Office in Gdynia, (3 persons),
- Local Fishery Group, fishermen (3 persons),
- EUCC Poland (1 person),
- Żuławy Loop operator,
- Remontowa Holding Co. (1 person),
- Rotax Co. (1 person)
- Scientists from IBW PAN.



## Results of Questionnaire - present situation

.1. For (	region/mun	nicipality) Er	ivironmenta	l Quality co	mpared to E	conomics i
Much		Slightly		Slightly		Much
less	Less	less	Equally	more	More	more
mportant	important	important	important	important	important	important
		2	<mark>7</mark>		2	
.2. For (	region/mun	nicipality) Er	nvironmenta	ıl Quality co	mpared to S	ocial Well-
eing is						
Much		Slightly		Slightly		Much
less	Less	0 ,	Equally	0 ,	More	more
mportant	important	important	important	important	important	important
	Î 🗆	3	• <mark>5</mark>	2	1	
.3. For (	region/mur	nicipality) Er	nvironmenta	al Quality co	mpared to G	overnance
3					-	
Much		Slightly		Slightly		Much
less	Less	less	Equally	more	More	more
mportant	important	important	important	important	important	important
	Î 🗆	2	• <mark>7</mark>	2		
.4. For (	region/mur	nicipality) Ec	conomics co	mpared to Se	ocial Well-bo	eing is
Much	,	Slightly		Slightly		Much
less	Less		Equally	more	More	more
mportant	important			important	important	important
		2	2	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>3</mark>	1
.5. For (	region/mur	nicipality) Ec	conomics con	mpared to G	overnance is	S
Much	,	Slightly		Slightly		Much
less	Less		Equally	more	More	more
mportant	important			important	important	important
		1	• <mark>7</mark>	1	1	1
.6. For (	region/mur	nicipality) <mark>S</mark> o	cial Well-be	ing compar	ed to Govern	ance is
Much	8-0/	Slightly		Slightly	30 00.011	Much
less	Less	less	Equally	more	More	more
	important					important
	1					



## Results of Questionnaire – wish for future

B.1. For ( should be	region/mun	icipality) Er	vironmenta	al Quality co	mpared to E	conomics	
Much less	Less important	Slightly less important 4	Equally important <mark>5</mark>	Slightly more important 2	More important	Much more important	
B.2. For E	Environment	tal Quality c	ompared to	Social Well-l	being should	l be	
Much less	Less important	Slightly less	Equally	Slightly more	More	Much more	
B.3. For Environmental Quality compared to Governance should be							
Much less	Less important 2	Slightly less	Equally	Slightly more	More important	Much more important	
B.4. For F	Economics co	ompared to	Social Well-l	peing should	l be		
Much less	Less important	Slightly less	Equally	Slightly more	More	Much more important	
B.5. For Economics compared to Governance should be							
Much less	Less important	Slightly less	Equally	Slightly more	More important 1	Much more important 1	
B.6. For Social Well-being compared to Governance should be							
A	Less important	*	Equally important		More important	Much more important	

- Need for ferry connections between Spit and hinterland:
   Tolkmicko Krynica Morska and Frombork Piaski.
- Need for integration of road and ferry traffic around Lagoon.
- Some of the waterways will need expansion in terms of depth and width (in case ferry connections are planned).
- Few scenarios of dredging activities will be elaborated based on the discussion and with Maritime Office assistance.



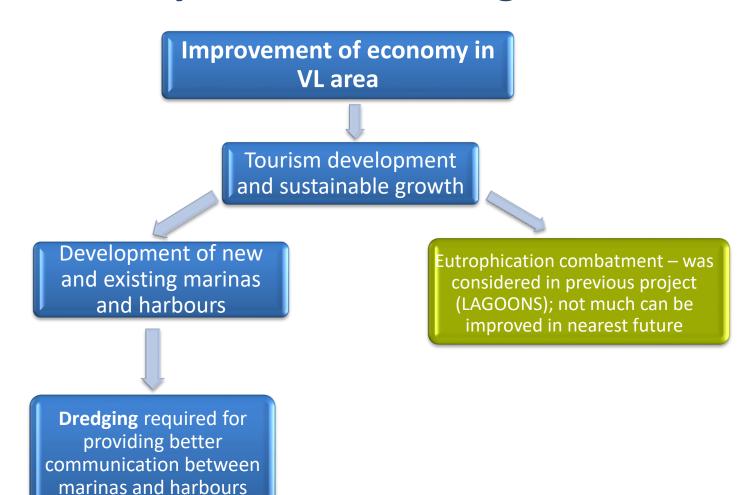






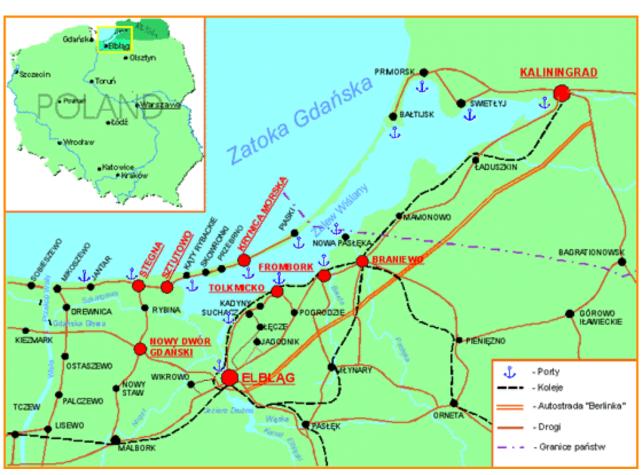
#### Issue for the Vistula Lagoon

#### **Economy of the Vistula Lagoon area**



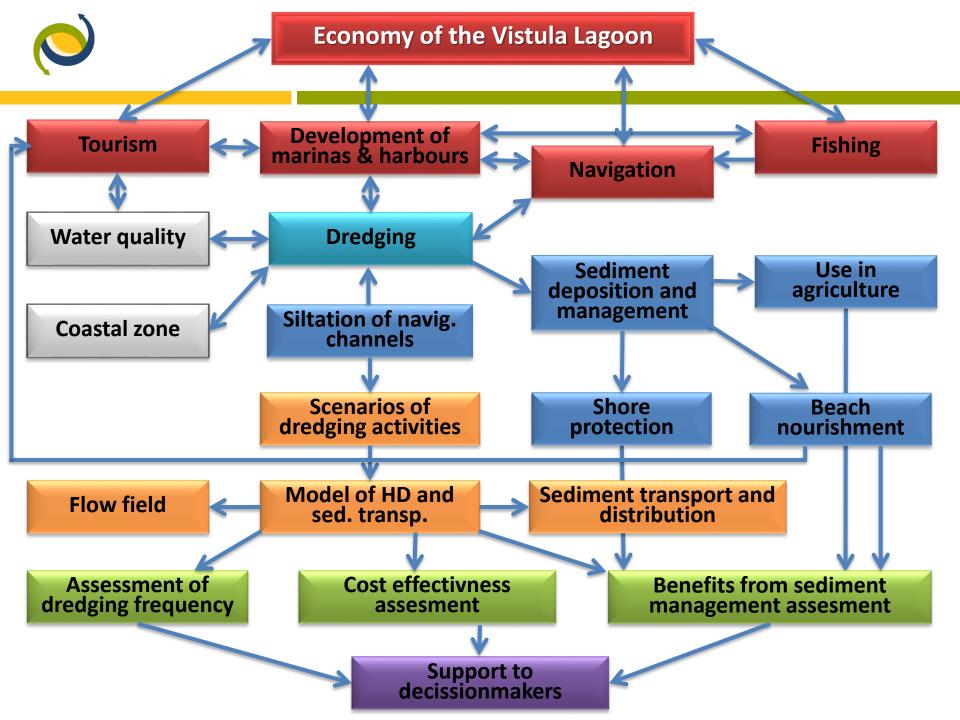


### **System Design**



- System definition
- Conceptual model
- Data and methods
- Problem scaling

Source: http://www.zalew.org.pl/lagomar/index.htm

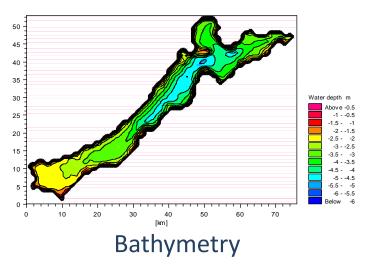


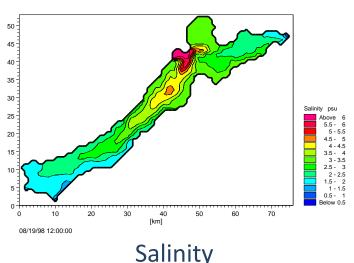


### **System Formulation**

#### General description of applied model

- ➤ **Delft3D** is an integrated modeling suite, which simulates two-dimensional (in either the horizontal or a vertical plane) and three-dimensional flow, sediment transport, morphology change, wave parameters, water quality and ecology, and is capable of handling the interactions between these processes.
- The **FLOW module** is the heart of Delft3D and is a multi-dimensional (2D or 3D) hydrodynamic (and transport) simulation programme which calculates non-steady flow and transport phenomena resulting from tidal and meteorological forcing on a curvilinear, boundary fitted grid or spherical coordinates.







#### **System Formulation - Scenarios**

- The scenarios are based on information from the Maritime Office and governmental plans to construct a cross-cut through the Vistula Spit.
- The main goal is:
  - to estimate siltation rates of the channels,
  - dredging frequencies for each case,
  - perform cost-benefit analysis which will indicate most beneficial scenario.



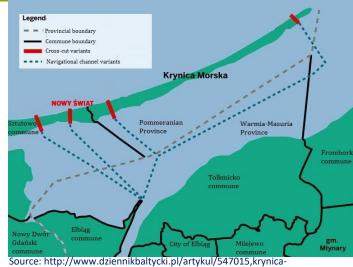
Source: petla-zulawska.pl



#### **System Formulation - Scenarios**

- 1. Modeling of hydrodynamics and siltation rate assuming existing navigational channels reference conditions
- 2. Modeling of hydrodynamics and siltation rate assuming existing navigational channels and including construction of new navigational channel for the Vistula Spit cross-cut based on two assumptions:
- a) new navigational channel: 60 m wide and 5 m deep,
- b) new navigational channel: 100 m wide and 5 m deep.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Vhkk3iH3cec



Source: http://www.dziennikbaltycki.pl/artykul/547015,krynicamorska-mieszkancy-nie-chca-przekopu-mierzei-wislanej,id,t.html



Source: http://wiadomosci.gazeta.pl/wiadomosci/1,114871,19413609,pis-wraca-dopomyslu-przekopu-mierzei-wislanej-jeden-z-priorytetow.html

3. Modeling of hydrodynamics and siltation rate for the existing navigational channels maintained at depth of 3.5 m (which will require dredging of some parts of the channels) including construction of new navigational channel for the Vistula Lagoon cross-cut of the 60 m width (as in 2a).



## System Formulation – sediment sampling



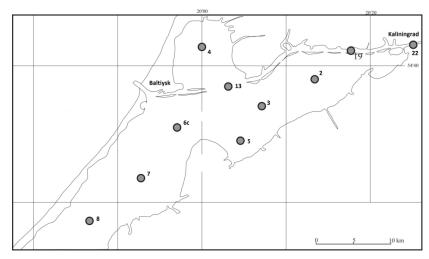
- Necessary for correct calibration of the modeling suite.
- Necessary for determination of sediment management methods (e.g. use for building artificial islands, depositing on land, beach nourishment, agriculture, others).



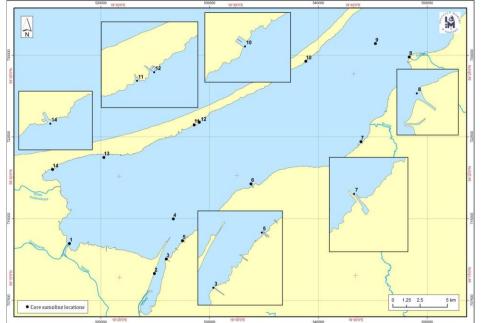


## System Formulation – sediment sampling

Sediment was sampled at 14 locations on Polish side in the vicinity of existing harbors, marinas and navigational channels and 10 locations on Russian side.



Russian part

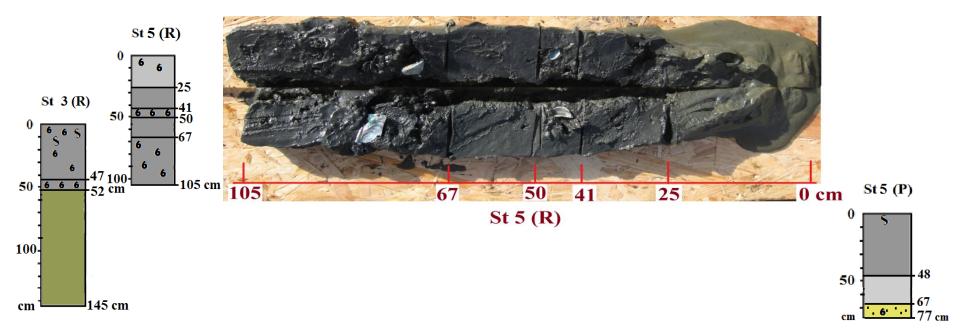


Polish part



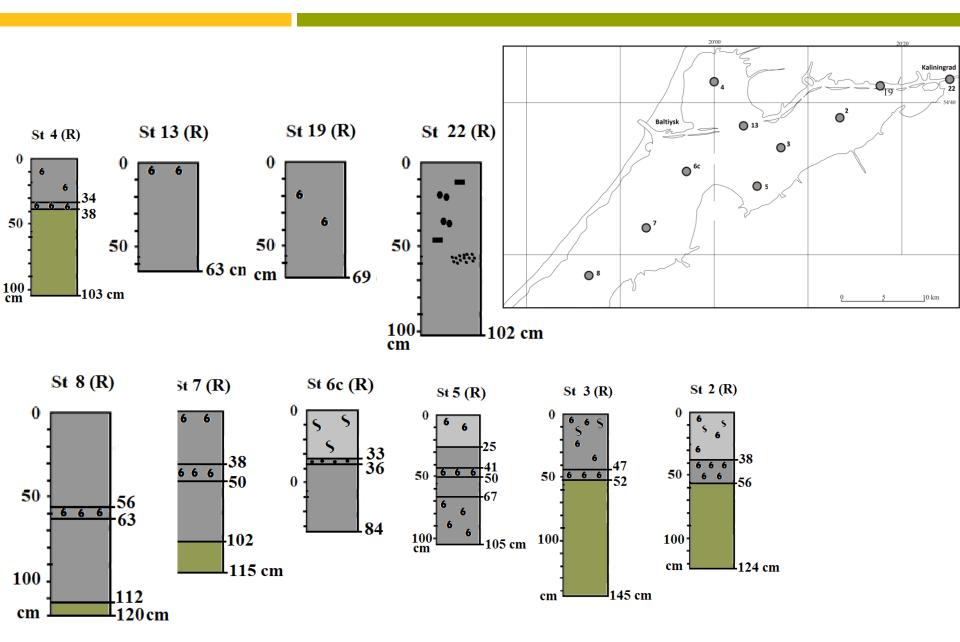
## **System Formulation – sediment sampling**

- Macroscopic analysis of sediment cores indicates that bottom is mostly made of various types of mud (usually soft plastic, sometimes semi-liquid in the upper part) and contain considerable amounts of organic matter. Sand deposits are present only occasionally.
- The samples were tested against the presence of heavy metals and persistent organic pollutants, such as PCB-s and PAH-s. All results are within acceptable limits.



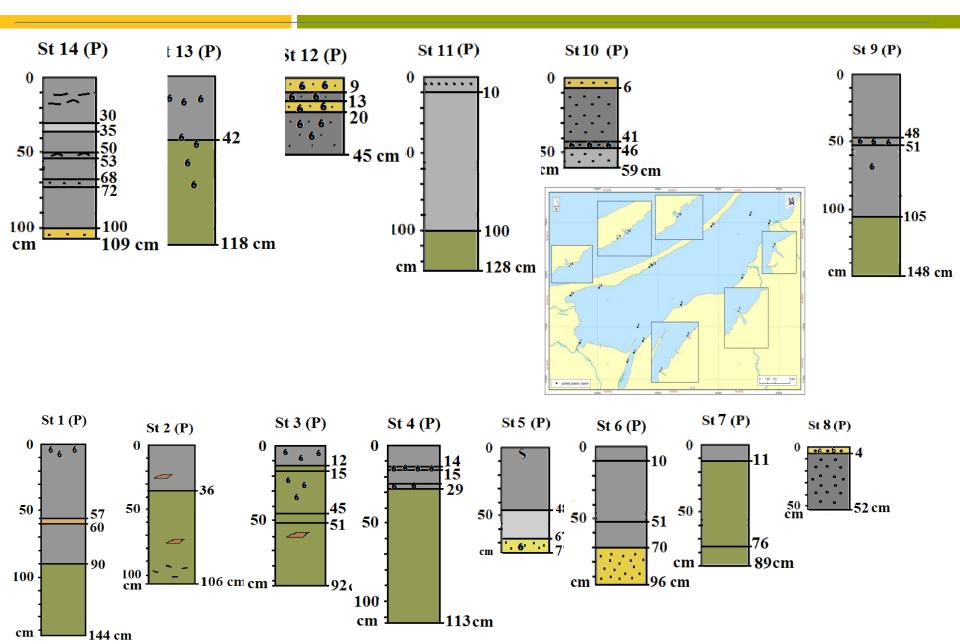


## Sediment sampling – Russian part





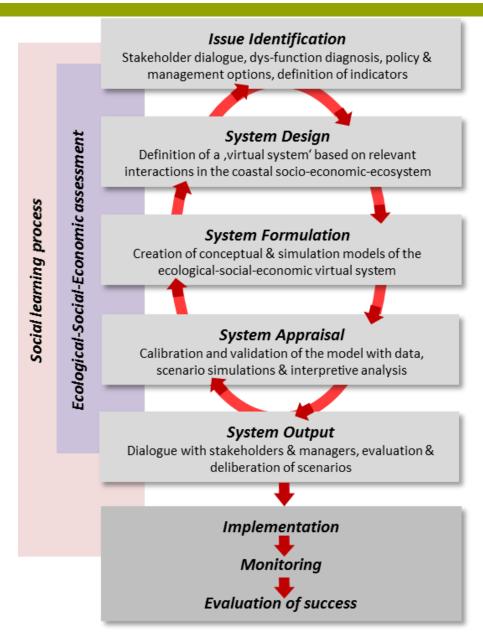
## **Sediment sampling – Polish part**





#### **Summary**

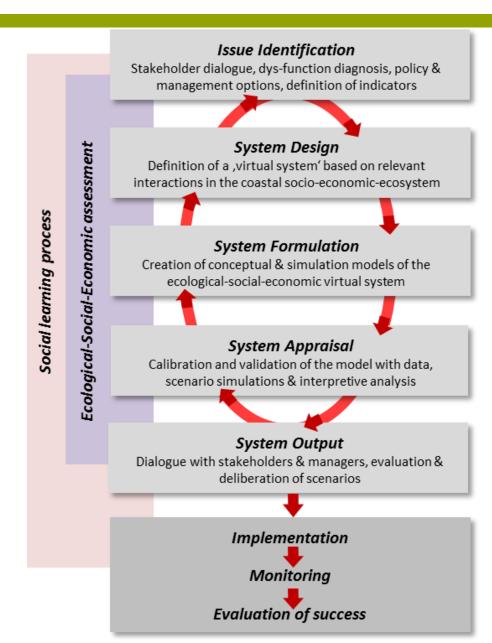
- > The Issue identified Economy of VL
- System Design step completed
- > Experiences/recommendations so far:
- Well investigate all initiatives going around linked to the Issue.
- Participate in public consultations organized at the time on related issues.
- Invite all managers involved in the region.
- Invite different groups of stakeholders representatives of major business, groups, regular people.
- Stakeholder meetings as mean of providing dialog of stakeholders, preliminary conflict solving, cooperation building, data / valuable information provision.





#### **Summary**

- Formulation Step under development
- Model selected and set up.
- Sediment samples collected and analyzed.
- Scenarios defined, however we can not be sure that they will be valid by the end of the project (politically conditioned).
- Numerical model has to be calibrated





#### Thank you!

A SYSTEM APPROACH FRAMEWORK FOR COASTAL RESEARCH & MANAGEMENT

